CHEAP REPOSITORY.

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SUNDAY SCHOOL.



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## SUNDAY SCHOOL.

I Promised, in the Cottage Cook, to give some account of the manner in which Mrs. Jones fet up her school. She did not much fear being able to raise the money, but money is of little use, unless some persons of sense and piety can be found to direct these institutions. Not that I would discourage those who set them up even in the most ordinary manner, or from mere views of worldly It is fomething gained to rescue children from idling away their Sabbath in the fields or the fireets. It is no small thing to keep them from those tricks to which a day of leifure tempts the idle and the ignorant. It is fomething for them to be taught to read; it is much to be taught to read the Bible, and much indeed to be carried regularly to church. But all this is not enough. bring these institutions to answer their highest end can only be effected by God's bleffing on the following means, the choice of able teachers, and a diligent attention in some pious gentry to visit and inspect the schools.

On RECOMMENDATIONS.

Mrs. Jones had one talent that eminently qualified her to do good, namely judgment; this even in the gay part of her life had kept her from many mistakes, but though she had sometimes been deceived herself, she was very careful not to deceive others, in recommending people to fill any office either through selfishness or false kindness. She used to say, "there is always some one appropriate quality which every person must posses, in order

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to fit them for any particular employment. Even in this quality," faid fhe to Mr. Simpson the Clergy. man. "I do not expect perfection; but if they are destitute of this, whatever good qualities they may possess besides, though they may do for some other employment, they will not do for this. If I want a pair of shoes, I go to a shoemaker; I do not go to a man of another trade however ingenious he may be, to ask him if he cannot contrive to make me a pair of shoes. When I lived in London I learnt to be much on my guard as to recommendations. I found peop'e often wanted to impose on me some one who was a burthen to themselves. Once I remember when I undertook to get a matron for an hospital, half my acquaintance had some one to offer me. Mrs. Gibson sent me an old cook whom she herself had discharged for wasting her own provisions, yet she had the conscience to recommend this woman to take care of the provifions of a large community. Mrs. Grey fent me a discarded housekeeper whose constitution had been ruined by fitting up with Mrs. Grey's gouty husband, but who she yet thought might do well enough to undergo the fatigue of taking care of an hundred poor fick people. A third friend fent me a woman who had no merit but that of being very poor, and it would be charity to provide for het. The truth is, the lady was obliged to allow hera fmall pension till she could get her off her own hands by turning her on those of others."

"It is very true, Madam," faid Mr. Simpson, the right way is always to prefer the good of the many to the good of one; if indeed it can be called doing good to any one to place them in a flation in which they must feel unhappy, by not know-

ing how to discharge the duties of it. I will tell you how I manage. If the persons recommended are objects of charity, I privately subscribe to their wants; I pity and help them, but I never promote them to a station for which they are unfit, and thus hurt a whole community to help a distressed individual."

Thus Mrs. Jones resolved, that the first step to+ wards fetting up her school should be to provide a fuitable mistress. The vestry were so earnest in recommending one woman that the thought it worth looking into. On enquiry, she found it was a scheme to take a large family off the parish; they never confidered that a very ignorant woman, with a family of young children, was not fit for a school, all they confidered was that the profits of the school might enable her to live without parish pay. Mrs. Jones refused another, though she could read well and was decent in her conduct, because she used to send her children to the shop on Sundays. And she objected to a third, a very sensible woman, because she was suspected of making an outward profession of religion a cloak for immoral conduct. Mrs. Jones knew she must not be too nice neither, he knew she must put up with many faults at last. "I know," faid she to Mr. Simpson, " the imperfection of every thing that is human. As the mistress will have much to bear with from the children, fo I expect to have something to bear with in the mistress, and she and I must submit to our respective trials, by thinking how much God has to bear with in us all. But there are three things which a mistress must not be without, good sense, activity, and piety, Without the first she will mislead others, without the fecond she will neglect

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them, and without the third, though fhe may civi-

lize, yet she will never christianize them."

Mr. Simpson faid, "he really knew but of one person in the parish who was fully likely to answer her purpose: this" continued he "is no other than my house keeper, Mrs. Betty Crew. It will indeed be a great loss to me to part from her; and to her it will be a far more fatiguing life than she at prefent leads. But ought I to put my own personal comfort, or ought Betty to put her own ease and quiet, in competition with the good of above an hundred children? This will appear still more important if we confider the good done, not as fruit but leed; if we take into the account how many yet unborn may become christians, in consequence of our making these children christians. For how can we calculate the number which may be hereafter trained for heaven, by those very children we are going to teach, when they themselves shall become parents, and you and I are dead and forgotten? To be fure, by parting from Betty my peafe-foup will not be quite fo well flavoured, nor my linen to neatly got up; but the day is fast approaching when all this will fignify but little; but it will not fignify a little whether one hundred immortal fouls were the better from my making this petty facrifice. Betty Crew is a real christian, has excellent fense, and had a good education from my mother. She has also had a little fort of training; for when the poor children come to the parsonage for the broth on a Saturday evening, Betty is used to appoint them all to come at the same time, and after she has filled their pitchers the ranges them round her in the garden, and examines them in their catechism. She is just and fair

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in dealing out the broth and beef, not making my favour to the parents depend on the skill of their children. But her own old caps, and ribbons, and cast off cloaths, are bestowed as little rewards on the best scholars. So that taking the time she fpends in working for them, and the things she gives them, there is many a lady who does not exceed Betty in acts of charity; this I mention to confirm your notion, that it is not necessary to be rich in order to do good; a religious upper fervant has great opportunities of this fort."

My readers I trust need not be informed, that this is that very Mrs. Betty Crew who affifted Mrs. Jones in teaching poor women to cut out linen and cook cheap dishes, as related in the Cottage Cook. Mrs. Lones in the following week got together as many of the mothers as the could; and blading on the

spoke to them as follows.

Mrs. 70NES'S EXHORTATION.

" My good women, on Sunday next I propole to open a school for the instruction of your children. Those among you who know what it is to be able to Nad your Bible will, I doubt not, rejoice that the same blessing is held out to your children. You who are not able yourselves to read what your Saviour has done and fuffered for you, ought to be doubly anxious that your children should reap a bleffing which you have lost. Would not that mother be thought an unnatural monster. who should stand by and snatch out of her child's mouth the bread which a kind friend had just put into it? But fuch a mother would be merciful compared with her who should rob her children of the opportunity of learning to read the word of God when it is held out to them. Remember, that if

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you flight the present offer, or if after having sent your children a few times you should afterwards keep them at home under vain pretences, you will have to answer for it at the day of judgment. Let not your poor children then have cause to say "my fond mother was my work enemy. I might have been bred up in the fear of the Lord and she op. posed it for the sake of a little paltry pleasure, for an idle holiday, I am now brought to the gates of hell." My dear women, which of you could bear to fee your darling child condemned to everlasting destruction? which of you could bear to hear him accuse you as the cause of it? Is there any mother here prefent who will venture to fay, I will doom the child I bore to fin and hell, rather than put them or myself to a little present pain by curtailing their evil inclinations, I will let them spend the Sabbath in ignorance and idleness instead of sending them to school!' Let that mother, who values her child's pleafure more than his foul, now walk away, and I will fet down the names of all those who wish to bring their young ones up in the way that leads to eternal life, inflead of indulging them in the pleafures of fin which are but for a moment."

When Mrs. Jones had done speaking, most of the women thanked her for her good advice, and hoped that God would give them grace to follow it; promising to send their children constantly. Others, who were not so well disposed were yet asraid to refuse, after the fin of so doing had been so plainly set before them. The worst of the women had kept away from this meeting, resolving to set their faces against the school. Most of them who were present, as soon as they got home set

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about providing their children with what little decent apparel they could raife. Many a willing mother lent her tall daughter her hat, best cap, and white handkerchief, and many a grateful father spared his linen waistcoat and bettermost hat to induce his grown up fon to attend; for it was a rule with which Mrs. Jones began, that she would not receive the younger children out of any family who did not fend their elder ones. Too many made excuses that their shoes were old, or their hat worn out. But Mrs. Jones told them not to bring any excuses to her which they could not bring to the day of judgment; and among those excuses. he would hardly admit any except accidents, fickness, or attendance on fick parents, or young children. Love is this office of their and

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Mrs. Jones was very defirous of getting the help and countenance of the farmers and tradespeople. whose duty she thought it was to support a plancalculated to improve the virtue and happiness of the parish. Most of them subscribed, and promiled to see that their workmen sent their children. She met with little opposition till she called on farmer Hoskins. She told him, as he was the richest farmer in the parish, she came to him for a handsome subscription. "Subscription!" said he, " it is nothing but subscriptions I think; a man had need be made of money." " Farmer," laid Mrs. Jones, "God has bleffed you with abundant prosperity, and he expects you should be liberal in proportion to your great ability." "I do not know what you mean by bleffing," faid he: "I have been up early and late, lived hard while I had little, and now when I thought I had got for-

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ward in the world, what with tythes and subscrip. tions it all goes I think." " Mr. Hofkins," faid Mrs. Jones, " this is but an ungrateful-return for all your bleffings." "You are again at your blef. fings," faid the Farmer, "but let every one work as hard us I have done and I dare fay he will do as well. It is to my own industry I owe what I have. My crops have been good, because I minded my ploughing and fowing." " O farmer!" cried Mrs. Tones, " you forget whose suns and showers make your crops to grow; but I do not come here to preach but to beg." "Well madam, what is it now? Flannel or French? or weavers, or a new church, or large bread, or cheap rice? or what other new whim-wham for getting the money out of ones pocket?" "I am going to establish a Sunday school farmer, and I come to you as one of the principal inhabitants, hoping your example will four on the rest to give." "Why then," said the farmer, "as one of the principal inhabitants I will give nothing, hoping it will spur on the rest to resuse. Of all the foolish inventions, and new-fangled devices to ruin the country, that of teaching the poor to read is the very worst." " And I, farmer, think that to teach good principles to the lower classes is the most likely way to save the country. Now in order to this we must teach them to read." " Not with my consent nor my money," said the farmer, " for I know it always does more harm than good." "So it may," faid Mrs. Jones, " if you only teach them to read and then turn them adrift to find out books for themselves. There is a proneness in the heart to evil which it is our duty to counteract, and which I fee you are promoting. Only look round your own kitchen, I am ashamed to fee it hung round

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with loofe fongs and ballads. I grant indeed it would be better for your men and maids, and even your daughters, not to be able to read at all then to read fuch stuff as this. But if when they alk for bread you will give them a stone, nay worse, a ferpent, your's is the blame." Then taking up a penny book which had a very loofe title, she went on, "I do not wonder if you who read fuch books as thefe think it fafer that people should not read at all." The farmer grinned, and faid it is hard if a man of my substance may not divert myself; when a bit of fun costs only a penny, and a man can spare that penny, there is no harm done. When it is very hot or very wet, and I come in to rest and have drank my mug of cider, I like to take up a bit of a jest book or a comical story, to make me laugh. "O Mr. Hoskins," replied Mrs. Jones, " when you come in to rest from a burning sun or shower, do you never think of him whose sun it is that is ripening your corn? or whose shower is filling the ear or causing the grass to grow? I could tell you of some books which would strengthen such thoughts, whereas fuch as you read only ferve to put them out of your head." Mrs. Jones having taken pains to let Mr. Hoskins know, that all the genteel and wealthy people had subscribed, he at last faid, "Why, as to the matter of that I do not value a crown; only I think it might be better bestowed, and I am afraid my own workmen will fly in my face if once they are made scholars, and that they will think themselves too good to work." "Now you talk foberly and give your reasons," faid Mrs. Jones, "weak as they are, they deferve an answer. Do you think that either man, woman, or child ever did his duty the worfe, only because

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he knew it the better?" " No, perhaps not." " Now the whole extent of learning which we intend to give the poor, is only to enable them to read the Bible. a book in which every duty is explained, every doctrine brought into practice, and the brightest truths made level to the meanest understanding, The knowledge of that book and its practical influence on the heart is the best security you can have, both for the industry and obedience of your fervants. Now can you think any man will be the worfe fervant for being a good chriftian?" " Perhaps not," " are not the duties of children, of fervants, and the poor expressly fet forth in the Bible?" " Yes." "Do you think any duties are likely to be fo well performed from any human motives, fuch as fear or prudence, as from thefe religious motives which are backed with the fanctions of rewards and punishments, of heaven or hell? Even upon your own principles of worldly policy, do you think a poor man is not less likely to steal a sheep or a horse, who was taught when a boy, that it was a fin to rob a hen-rooft or an orchard? Will your property be secured so effectually by the stocks on the green, as by teaching the boys in the school, that for all these things God will bring them into judgment? Is a poor fellow who can read his Bible fo likely to fleep or to drink away his few hours of leisure as one who cannot read? He may, and he often does make a bad use of his reading, but I doubt he would have been as bad without it. And the hours spent in learning to read will always have been among the most harmless ones of his life."

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"Well madam," faid the farmer, "if you do not think that religion will spoil my young servants,

I do not care if you do put me down for half a guinea. What has farmer Dobson given?" " Half a guinea," faid Mrs. Jones. "Well," cried the farmer, " it shall never be said I did not give more than he, who is only a renter. Dobson give half a guinea? Why, he wears his coat as thread bare as a labourer. " Perhaps," replied Mrs. Jones, " that is one reason why he gives so much." Well, put me down a guinea," cried the farmer. " As scarce as guineas are just now, I'll never be put upon the same footing with Dobson neither." " Yes, and you must exert yourself besides in insisting that your workmen fend their children, and often look into the school yourfelf to see if they are there, and reward or discourage them accordingly," added Mrs. Jones as the took her leave. The farmer infifted in waiting on her to the door. When they got into the yard, they spied Mr. Simpson, who was standing near a little group of females, confisting of the farmer's two young daughters, and a couple of rofy dairy maids, an old blind fiddler, and a woman who led him. The woman had laid a basket on the ground, out of which she was dealing some fongs to the girls who were kneeling round it, and eagerly picking out such whose titles suited their On feeing the clergyman come up, the fiddler's companion (for I am forry to fay the was not his wife) pushed some of the songs to the bottom of the basket, turned round to the company, and in a whining tone, asked "if they would please to buy a godly book." Mr. Simpson saw through the hypocrify at once, and instead of making any answer, took out of one of the girl's hands, a long which the woman had not been able to fnatch away. He was shocked and grieved to see that

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these young girls were about to read, to fing, and to learn by heart fuch ribaldry, as he was ashamed even to cast his eyes on. He turned about to the girl and gravely, but mildly faid, " young woman. what do you think should be done to a person who should be found carrying a box of poison round the country, and leaving a little at every house?" The girls all agreed that fuch a person ought to be hanged;" "that he should," faid the farmer, "if I was upon the jury." The fiddler and his woman were of the same opinion, declaring they would not do fuch a wicked thing for the world, for if they were poor they were honest. Mr. Simpson turning to the other girl, faid, "which is of most value the foul or the body?" "The foul fir," faid the girl. "Why fo?" faid he, "because fir, I have heard you fay in the pulpit the foul is to last for ever." Then cried Mr. Simpson in a stern voice, turning to the fiddler's woman, "are not you ashamed to fell poison for that part which is to last for ever? poison for the foul?" "Poison!" said the terrified girl throwing down the book, and shuddering as people do who are afraid they have touched something infectious. " Poison!" echoed the farmer's daughters, recollecting with horror the ratibane which Lion the old house dog had got at the day before, and after eating which she had seen him drop down dead in convulfions. "Yes," faid Mr. Simpson to the woman, "I do again repeat, the souls of these innocent girls will be poisoned and may be eternally ruined by this vile trash which you carry about."

"I now see," said Mrs. Jones, to the farmer, the reason why you think learning to read does more harm than good. It is indeed far better that

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they should never know how to tell a letter, unless you keep such trash as this out of their way, and provide them with what is good or what is harmless. Still this is not the fault of reading, but the abuse of it. Wine is still a good cordial, though it is too often abused to the purpose of drunkenness.

The farmer said that neither of his maids could read their horn book, though he owned he often heard them singing that song which the parson had thought so bad, but for his part it made him as

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"Yes," said Mrs. Jones, "as a proof that it is not merely being able to read which does the mischief, I have often heard as I have been crossing a hay-field, young girls singing such indecent ribaldry as has driven me out of the field, though I well knew they could not read a line of what they were singing, but had caught it from others. So you see you may as well say the memory is a wicked talent because some people misapply it, as to say that reading is dangerous, because some folks abuse it."

While they were talking, he fiddler and his woman were trying to steal away, but Mr. Simpson
stopped them and said, "woman I shall have some
farther talk with you. I am a magistrate as well
as a minister, and if I know it, I will no more allow a wicked book to be sold in my parish than a
dose of poison." The girls threw away all their
songs, thanked Mr. Wilson, begged Mrs. Jones
would take them into her school after they had
done milking in the evenings, that they might learn
to read only what was proper. They promised
they would never more deal with any but sober
honest hawkers, such as sell good little books,
Christmas carrols, and harmless songs, and desired
the fiddler's woman never to call there again.

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This little incident afterwards confirmed Mrs. Jones in a plan she had before some thoughts of putting in practice. This was, after her school had been established a few months, to invite all the well-disposed grown-up youth of the parish to meet her at the school an hour or two on a Sunday even ing, after the necessary business of the dairy and of ferving the cattle was over. Both Mrs. Jones and her agent had the talent of making this time pale fo agreeably by their manner of explaining fcrip. ture, and of impressing the heart by serious and affectionate discourse, that in a short time the even. ing school was nearly filled with a second company after the younger ones were dismissed. In time not only the fervants, but the fons and daughter of the most substantial people in the parish attended At length many of the parents, pleafed with the inprovement so visible in the young people, got habit of dropping in, that they might learn how to instruct their own families. And it was observed that as the school filed, not only the fives-coun and public-house we thinned, but even Sunday goffiping and tea-vifiting declined. Even Farmer Hoskins, who was at first angry with his maids for learning of those merry fongs (as he called them was fo pleased by the manner in which the plain were fung at the school, that he promised Mrs Iones to make her a present of half a sheep toward her first May-day feast. Of this feast some account shall be given hereafter, and the reader may exped some further account of the Sunday School next month in the History of Hester Wilmot.

END OF THE FIRST PART.